

# K

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## RELATIONSHIP DESIGNATORS: RELATIONSHIPS BETWEEN PERSONS, FAMILIES, AND CORPORATE BODIES

### K.1 Purpose and Scope

This appendix identifies relationship designators used to relate persons, families, and corporate bodies to other persons, families and corporate bodies. For basic instructions on recording relationship designators, see [29.5 RDA](#).

### K.2 Relationship Designators for Related Persons

#### K.2.1 Relationship Designators to Relate Persons to Other Persons

Appropriate terms from the list below are recorded in conjunction with the preferred access point or identifier for a related person (see [30.1 RDA](#)).

*alternate identity* ●

The pseudonymous or other identity assumed by the person.

*real identity* ●

The real person who assumes the other identity.

#### K.2.2 Relationship Designators to Relate Persons to Families

Appropriate terms from the list below are recorded in conjunction with the preferred access point or identifier for a related person (see [30.1 RDA](#)).

*family member* ●

The person who is a member of the family.

***progenitor*** ●

The person from whom the family is descended.

## **K.2.3 Relationship Designators to Relate Persons to Corporate Bodies**

Appropriate terms from the list below are recorded in conjunction with the preferred access point or identifier for a related person (see **30.1 RDA**).

***employee*** ●

The person employed by a corporate body.

***founder*** ●

The person who founded the corporate body.

***group member*** ●

The person who is a member of the performing group, expedition, etc.

***incumbent*** ●

The person holding an office in the corporate body (e.g., the incumbent president).

***sponsor*** ●

The person sponsoring the corporate body.

## **K.3 Relationship Designators for Related Families**

### **K.3.1 Relationship Designators to Relate Families to Persons**

Appropriate terms from the list below are recorded in conjunction with the preferred access point or identifier for a related family (see **31.1 RDA**).

***descendants*** ●

The family descended from the particular person.

### **K.3.2 Relationship Designators to Relate Families to Other Families**

Appropriate terms from the list below are recorded in conjunction with the preferred access point or identifier for a related family (see **31.1 RDA**).

***descendant family*** ●

The family descended from the other family.

### **K.3.3 Relationship Designators to Relate Families to Corporate Bodies**

Appropriate terms from the list below are recorded in conjunction with the preferred access point or identifier for a related family (see [31.1 RDA](#)).

***founding family*** ●

The family that founded the corporate body.

***sponsoring family*** ●

The family that sponsors the corporate body.

## **K.4 Relationship Designators for Related Corporate Bodies**

### **K.4.1 Relationship Designators to Relate Corporate Bodies to Persons**

Appropriate terms from the list below are recorded in conjunction with the preferred access point or identifier for a related corporate body (see [32.1 RDA](#)).

***employer*** ●

The corporate body that employs the person.

### **K.4.2 Relationship Designators to Relate Corporate Bodies to Families**

Appropriate terms from the list below are recorded in conjunction with the preferred access point or identifier for a corporate body (see [32.1 RDA](#)).

***founded organization*** ●

The corporate body that the family founded.

***sponsored organization*** ●

The corporate body that the family sponsors.

### **K.4.3 Relationship Designators to Relate Corporate Bodies to Other Corporate Bodies**

Appropriate terms from the list below are recorded in conjunction with the preferred access point or identifier for a corporate body (see [32.1 RDA](#)).

**hierarchical subordinate** ●

The corporate body that is subordinate to the other corporate body (e.g., a parent body).

**hierarchical superior** ●

The corporate body that is hierarchically superior the other corporate body.

**mergee** ●

The corporate body that merged with the other corporate body to form a third.

**predecessor** ●

The corporate body that precedes the other corporate body.

**product of a merger** ●

The corporate body that resulted from a merger of two or more other corporate bodies.

**product of a split** ●

The corporate body that resulted from a split or division of the other corporate body.

**successor** ●

The corporate body that succeeds or follows the other corporate body.